"Second-That the act of 1873 was sur-

"Sixth-That it is to the interest of the United States to act independently in the

remonetization of silver at the ratio to gold

of 16 to 1, without waiting for the action of

Seventh-That monometallism consists

the exclusion of the other as primary or re-

experiment on trial for the first time in the

history of the world and began with the period of 1873; that it is impracticable and impossible as a stable money measurement of values; is not based on scientific financial principles; is in the interest of the money lenders and against the interest of

the property-owners and laborers.
"Eighth-That the gold unit, as the meas-

ure of values, with no concurrent coinage

business men cannot avoid failure or loss of capital under these conditions.

which to liquidate these debts; that this has

of new debts to pay old-debts, and an en-larged volume of all debts; that this unjust-ly takes from a debtor his property and emphasizes the importance of a stable

money measurement of value.
"Eleventh—That in the end no one is bene-

ted by a fall in prices but the money-

payable in money-fixed incomes.
"Twelfth-That the foregoing facts and

THE DEBATE.

will know where we are proceeding."

mouths of the gold standard advocates

their well-known views fairly stated, with

which the country had been flooded up to

strength of the book was intended to be

The fact that a little boy in knee pants

was the instructor of the men was sup-

posed to be sufficient to fix the story as allegorical. One reading Aesop's fables does not care whether the animals talked

portance as to whether the little boy talked or not. It is the subject and the truths uttered that give to it in such instance its importance. If it is charged that actual characters are used in the book while sim-

ilar books use fictitious characters, the

answer is that the well-known utterances

and opinions of these men are used, and

the further answer that Shakspeare used

Mr. Horr-I submit that if my friend had

studied the Scriptures a little more care-

fully when he was looking for the motto which I shall take up next he would have

found it somewhere stated that a man is

not permitted to bear false witness against

his neighbor. He says that he put into

their mouths the words that they them

selves would have uttered. I have had

that done for me so many times in my life

come to the motto of the book, which is this: "I thank thee, O Father, Lord of heaven and earth, because thou hast hid

these things from the wise and prudent and hast revealed them unto babes." Does my friend desire to intimate that the kind

of finance which he teaches is something

that babes will understand, but that people who know anything will never be able to

MEANING OF "BABES."

Mr. Harvey-Mr. Horr misinterprets the

meaning of that verse. The word "Babes"

comprehend? (Applause and laughter.)

that I know what it means. But now

and injury to debtors, who,

demption money; that monometallism is an

# Chances

Like these come few and far between:

Men's \$18 and \$20 Suits-\$13.85 Men's \$12 and \$15 Suits-\$8.75

The worth is in the high-grade materials-the high-class workmanship and the high quality style to the suits. And they're full of good honest wear.

We've a big lot of empty hats-odds and ends-worth 50c to \$1and anybody can fill them with heads at 9c per fill. Newer hats-sweller hats-23c to \$1.97-for 38c to \$3.50 kinds.

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EACH DAY INCREASES THE MAJORI-

TY OF THE ENGLISH TORIES.

Ex-Postmaster-General Morley and

Three Other Ex-Cabinet Officers De-

feated-Viscount Curson Elected.

LONDON, July 16 .- Up to midnight the

returns from the parlimentary elections

polls was higher than on any former occa-

sion. The superiority of the Tories was

manifest both by the magnitude of their

own majorities and by the extent to which

they pulled down their opponents. Dadab-

hai Naoriji, the Liberal member for the

referred to by Lord Salisbury as a black

man, he being an East Indian, was defeat-

for Greenwich. A Labor member, William

R. Cremer, who sat for the Hagerston di-

of an arbitration treaty, has been unseat-

ed. But the chief event of the day was the dismissal of ex-Postmaster-general Mor-

ley, making the fourth ex-Minister in Lord

Rosebery's Cabinet who has been sent into

deemed a Radical stronghold, Henry La-

bouchere had a majority greatly reduced,

and the Conservatives won the other seat.

The big Unionist majorities in Birmingham

and Aston Manor indicate that the Liberal-

tant factor in cities. Viscount Curzon was

The re-election of Speaker Gully has

giving countenance to the opposition to his candidacy, declaring that it is unprece-

The result of last evening's returns was

so convincing that there has been little en-

thusiasm in public places to-day. The

clubs showed a paucity of attendance, but

the scenes of yesterday were repeated in Fleet street. Crowds gathered in front of

the newspaper offices, and there was much

cheering at Conservative gains. Contrary to expectations, the Rt. Hon. Joseph Cham-

berlain's election seemed to delight

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the Li

in his favor. There was to be no opposition to the candidacy of Mr. Warmington, and Sir William Vernon Harcourt will be nomi-

The Chronicle to-day, referring to the disputes between the different factions of

the Irish Parliamentary party, says: "The people are sick of the miserable Irish quarrels and the vile personal squabbles by which the great cause is dragged in the

Titled Editor Disappears.

state that Baron Hammerstein, editor of the Kreutz Zeitung, and family, left on July 12, and their whereabouts are un-known. His house will be sold by order of the court and his personal effects will be

servative party in Germany. A few weeks

ago he was compelled to resign his posi-tion as editor in chief of the Kreutz Zeit-ung, and began suits for libel against other

BERLIN, July 16.—The newspapers here

ness at the Liberal clubs

nated in his place to-morrow.

ulace, but was received with sullen-

one of the successful candidates to-day.

onists continue to be the most impor-

congratulations all around. A num-

Lord Cecil, has been

Salisbury's

gree. Lord

## STOVES---RANGES---ICE BOXES

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Erie Excursion to Niagara Falls, JULY 18, via CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON R. R.

\$5 to Lake Chautaugua and return. \$5 to Niagara Falls and return. \$6 to | vision of Shoreditch, and who recently made Toronto and return, tickets good five a journey to America to urge the adoption days. \$10 to Thousand Islands and return, tickets good ten days.

The trip is via Dayton, thence via the Erie to Chautauqua, Niagara Falls, Toron-to and Thousand Islands, providing the most picturesque route to the great cata-ract. Ample sleeping car accommodations have been arranged for. Train will leave from Indianapolis at For tickets, sleeping car reservations and

at 2 West Washington GEO. W. HAYLER, District Passenger Agent.

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further information call at Ticket Office, No. 2 vashington street, Union Station and Massachus FRANK J. REED, G. P. A.

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## Sunday Journal

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Journals on account of criticisms which they had made of his management of the Kreutz Zeitung. His retirement was regarded as likely to have an important influence upon the affairs of extreme Conservatives or reactionary element in politics.

CARLISLE SAYS SOMETHING MUST BE DONE TO RAISE REVENUES.

He Thinks the Taxation of Personal Incomes, Small as Well as Large, Is the Most Equitable System.

ANOTHER TEST POSSIBLE

MONEY COLLECTED UNDER THE LATE LAW NOT YET REFUNDED,

And the Secretary Intimates the Supreme Court May Have a Third Chance to Change Its Mind.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON July 16 .- There is every reason to believe that the question of the validity of the income-tax law may again come prominently before the public at an early day. The authority for this assertion is no less a person than Secretary Carlisle. During his recent stay at Marion Mr. Carlisle was led to discuss a variety of public questions-the attitude of both lisle, having no reason to fear that he was talking for the public, spoke freely. Then

this conversation ensued:

without something like the English sysand other luxuries, and help this revenue all incomes, small as well as large."

"You did not agree with the decision of "As to taxing income from State and municipal bonds, yes," replied the Secretary,

n these significant words: "There is the ity was rendered. That money has not yet been refunded to those who paid it, and changed his mind again in a surprising The gains which the Tories have secured | this year after the lapse of a very short

The above statement, at the request of correspondent, was brought to Secretary Carlisle's attention by his son, Mr. Logan Carlisle. Secretary Carlisle read it frank to deny what he had propably said in substance, Mr. Carlisle concented himself with stating that his words had been possibly misinterpreted to some extent. left the impression, however, that, while had not been seriously misrepresented. There is therefore the interesting continand the apparent expectation on the part of the administration of another reversal.

## THE CRUISER OLYMPIA.

Secretary Herbert Pleased with the Vessel's Performance.

WASHINGTON, July 16 .- The report of the government board on the recent trial of the Olympia has been received and to-day was read by the Secretary of the Navy, who was much gratified with the showing ber of Unionists supported him on the ground that a member chosen as Speaker ought not to be disturbed. The Liberals bitterly reproach Hon. A. J. Balfour for made by this vessel. The Olympia passed an excellent inspection. She made 19.6 knots, which is regarded as a very good speed, though it is not considered as the maximum speed of the vessel, which has heretofore reached 21 knots, the present being merely a trial under ordinary circumstances and not while in sight of a measured distance, in order that the board might tell exactly how fast they were going. The board believes, however, that the ship exceeded this speed and bases its belief on the fact that for three hours the ship was out at sea and had no means of measurement save the log. She was making more revolutions during this sea trip than within measured distances, The trial on which the present report is based was not an official trial, but merely a eral leader, who was recently defeated by Mr. C. Drage, Conservative, at the election held for members of Parliament to represent the two seats of Derby, has accepted the offer of Mr. C. N. Warmington, Q. C., who was recently nominated to stand for election in West Monmouthshire, to retire in his favor. There was to be recently in the favor. sea trial ordered by the department to learn what the ship would do under ordinary circumstances. The Olympia is a contract ship, and had her official trial some time ago, earning \$300,000 for the Union works, by whom she was built. The contract called or a twenty-knot ship and a speed of 21.69 knots was attained. Capt. W. C. Wise, commanding the double-

urreted Amphitrite, in an official report to the Navy Department, has given some information respecting the effect of the fire of heavy naval guns on a ship's deck and fit-ting, that is expected to prove of value in shaping designs for the new battle ships. The tests were made at sea, off Hampton roads, on July 11 and 12, by order of Secetary Herbert. The battery and fittings were tested at sea under conditions which btain in battle. The forward ten-inch guns were fired directly ahead, first at an angle of five degrees and then level, and the after en-inch guns were fired directly astern under the same conditions. No damage whatever resulted to the decks or their fitdistrained for rent.

Baron Von Hammerstein, as editor of the Kreutz Zeitung, has long exercised a despotic influence in the affairs of the Condespotic influence. ings, except that the forward capstan was about four inches, and a few ball rollers blown out on deck. They were easily replaced without damage. There was no brooming, or depressing, or lifting of the decks whatever. Observers directly under the guns failed to feel any shock. On the berth deck a few electric lamps and globes were shattered and broken, and the wash bowl in the marble stationary top of the junior officers' quarters was also broken. In conclusion Captain Wise says: "The severity of the test and complete freedom from injury or damage demonstrated the character of the vessel as a true type of our

# battle or fighting ship and I may add, I be-lieve that she will be more formidable without the superstructure."

WARNINGS TO SAILORS.

How Notice Will Be Given of Approaching Hurricanes. WASHINGTON, July 16 .- With the object

of giving warning of the approaching tropical hurricanes as well as the severe and dangerous storms that pass across the lake region and Atlantic coast, the Weather Bureau has adopted a special signal to be known as the hurricane signal. It will consist of red flags with black centers, displayed one above the other. The signal will be displayed at all Weather Bureau offices and wind signal display stations on the Atlantic and gulf coasts and the great lakes, and at numerous other points at sea and lake ports and along these coasts. In a number of instances arrangements have been made with steamship and steamboat lines to display the signal on their vessels. Special efforts have been put forth to provide for the dissemination of the warnings in sections beyond the reach of telegraphic communication, along the south Atlantic and gulf coasts and the adjacent islands, and arrangements have been made in many of the most exposed and thickly-settled of these localities whereby tugs, pilot boats, revenue cutters or other steam vessels will pass through the waters in the vicinity displaying the hurricane signal by day and firing rockets by night, and blowing their whistles to attract attention thereto. Among those districts are Galveston bay and vicinity. Mobile bay and vicinity, the east Florida coast, from Tampa bay south, and the coasts, islands and bays of Frying Pan shoals lightship off the North Carolina coast, warnings being conveyed thither by a tug from Southport, N. C. lake ports and along these coasts. In a Chief Moore, of the bureau, suggests that

parties on the silver question, his candidacy for the Senate, and, finally, the condition of the treasury and the means to increase the present insufficient revenues. Mr. Carlisle, having no reason to fear that he was talking for the public, spoke freely. Then this conversation ensued:

"Will the income tax be an issue in the future, Mr. Carlisle?"

"Where is a revenue to the public of the signals or sight and sound of the signals. This, it is suggested, in an official circular promulgated to-day, may be done by means of couriers on horseback, displaying signals from high points or firing rockets. The bureau has decided to use for this purpose red meteor rockets, which ascend three hundred or four hundred feet high and emit a brilliant red star, which burns to the

#### AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION.

Many Colleges and Experiment Stations Now in Operation.

WASHINGTON, July 16 .- The status of separate institutions are provided for white and colored students. Special courses in dairying and other agricultural industries mainder from States and individuals. bulletins are now regularly int of practical experimenting in fields, of feeding and thirty-two dairying. Botantention of twenty-seven stations and hortihave begun operations in forestry. About

#### 320 experiment stations are in opera in the different countries of the world. SHOT BY MEXICANS.

American Rancher and Three of His Employes Killed. WASHINGTON, July 16.-Frank Roberts United States consul at Nogales, Mexico, has reported to the State Department, un-

der date of July 5, on the execution by by five masked men at a point about half way between Bisbee, A. T., and Nacasari. Sonora, the driver, was killed, and \$6,000 belonging to the company stolen. A party of Mexican troops, on July 1, arrested Rob-ert Tribolete and four of his Mexican workmen on his ranch for complicity in the crime. The party started for Arispe, and and several children and two brothers living at Phoenix, A. T., one of whom has called the case to the attention of the

#### State Department. THREE PENSION DECISIONS. Important Rulings by Assistant Secretary Reynolds.

WASHINGTON, July 16 .- Assistant Secretary Reynolds has rendered three decisions in pension appeal cases. In the first he sions is forbidden by law to suspend payannul or reduce it, nevertheless, in case such pension is annulled, all unpaid pension apparently accrued at the date of annuli-ment becomes illegal and must not be

In the second case the Secretary holds that the law forbidding the Commissioner to reduce pensions without thirty days' notice does not apply to cases acted on be-In the third case it is held that the act under sixteen years of age expressly provides that the pensions shall begin from the date of filing the application for the pension; a claimant who was over sixteen years old when the act was passed has no claim for pension at all.

## Best Road for Farmers.

WASHINGTON, July 16 .- The reports of several special investigations conducted by experts of the Agricultural Department have been submitted to Secretary Morton. The inquiry as to the best road for farmers was conducted by General Royston. who gives a picture of the road. The farmer needs a solid, well-bedded stone road, so narrow as to be only a single track, but having an earth track alongside. "A fine dry, smooth dirt track," the report says, "is the perfection of roads, easy on the horses' feet and legs and free from noise and jar. The stone roads on the other hand wear more in dry weather than in wet. Practical experience shows that the junction of the stones and earth sections of the roads can be kept even and there is no difficulty in the meeting and passing of loaded teams, two points which have been raised in the discussion of con-struction methods."

Egyptians Burdened with Taxes. WASHINGTON, July 16 .- Consul-general Penfield, at Cairo, has made a lengthy report to the State Department on the condition of Egyptian finances. It shows that while the rate of interest has been cut almost in two, the debt of Egypt has increased by about \$40,000,000 since the British occupation. Mr. Penfield says this debt is almost overpowering when applying it to an agricultural population of 7,000,000 in a country of only about nine thousand square miles of tiliable soil, when manual

abor is worth but 20 cents a day. The (Continued on Second Page.)

OPENING OF THE TEN-DAY TALK

Preliminary Statements Made by th Ex-Congressman and the Author of Coin's Financial School.

ON THE SILVER QUESTION.

UNIT OF VALUE DISCUSSED

FIRST DAY'S DEBATE DEVOTED AL MOST WHOLLY TO THE SUBJECT.

"Second—That the act of 1873 was surreptitiously passed.

"Third—That during the period of 1792 to 1873 the mints were open to the unlimited coinage of both metals into primary or redemption money, and that both were treated as such; that during that period people had a right to have either metal coined into full legal tender money, and that the option was the debtor to pay in coins of either metal.

"Fourth—That this bimetallic system made an unlimited demand for both metals to be coined into money, increased the demand for the metals, and so long as this law, authorizing any one to coin 3714 grains of silver and 23 2-10 grains of gold into a dollar, there was no one willing to sell either for less than a dollar.

"Fifth—That the option to pay in either Much Old Straw Thrushed Over-Meaning of the Word "Babes" as "Fifth—That the option to pay in either metal caused the cheaper of the two metals to be used, and transferred the demand from the dearer to the cheaper metal and restored its relative commercial value. We are for both silver and gold. We are called silver men because we are defending the metal that has been demonetized. Used in the Bible and by Coin.

CHICAGO, July 16 .- The long heralded financial debate between Roswell S. Horr and William H. Harvey (Coin) began this afternoon. It was about 2 p. m. when the witty ex-Congressman from Michigan, now a resident of New York, and the sharp Colorado newspaper man, now a citizen of Chicago, signified to the judges and the select audience present by invitation at the in all localities where hurricanes or storms | Illinois Club, on Ashland avenue, that all was in readiness for the successive word broadsides that were to last three hours a day for ten successive days. The judges were Hon, H. G. Miller and Judge W. A.

Mr. Horr spoke first. He said:

Mr. Horr's Opening Statement. of any other metal to assist it in performing the functions of primary money, has caused the fall in prices as compared with 1872, when the world's prices of property red meteor rockets, which ascend three hundred or four hundred feet high and emit a brilliant red star, which burns to the ing on the general discussion, each of us ne and there are some features of it about

requently stated within the last five years business of our Nation the people should never attempt to use either metal except at its actual value, only in cases where one metal may be used as token money and be made redeemable in metal at its com-

shall be made it would be simply cepted by the people of the world or of have always done, the names of fictitious will be used side by side. Consequently, if our Nation alone should attempt any such action it would simply place our country upon a silver basis and the attempt would end in silver monometallism. If we are compelled to decide between gold monometallism and silver monometallism then I am decidedly in favor of adopting the standard used by the civilized nations of the world.

I believe that the law of 1873, which Mr. Harvey's book denounces as a 'crime,' was honestly conceived, openly advocated and passed by the American Congress, after full deliberation, and because the people at that time who held seats in the American Congress believed that such a law ought to be enacted. I do not believe in the teachings of the book, that this Nation is on the verge of financial ruin, or that starvation is staring our people in the face. I believe if our Nation should adopt the course advocated in this book it would seriously injure the entire wage earners of the United states. I believe we would destroy the confidence of the business men of the world in our integrity as a nation and we would precipitate such a financial panic as our country has never before seen. I shall deny most emphatically that the great majority of the people of this country are in debt and shall insist that threefourths of the American people are to-day creditors and not debtors and that conequently the system which Mr. Harvey advocates would work great injury to the vast majority of American citizens. "I will state, further, that if this bool about which we are going to debate is true, then I am all wrong. It seems to me ning to end, and I shall enter upon the work of attempting to prove that, and hope to be able to do it in language that shall be so plain and explicit that my fel-low-citizens will be satisfied that I have accomplished my task-understand me in a

believe that the American Nation ould have just as good money as any uses on the face of the earth. I believe that every dollar paid to a poor man for his daily toil shall be worth as much as the dollars paid to men who are rich. I would have the money which measvalues the most stable that can be desired, and would insist that buyers and sellers, lenders and debtors shall, as near as possible, be required to use the same measure of values and shall insist that epudiation in all forms is disgraceful and dishonorable in the case of nations, corporations or individuals. What our people need is good credit, good money, principles and sound business sense. Visionary schemes and debased money never ye made a nation prosperous. The the money used in any country is far more important than the quantity. Laws should be drawn to protect the men who earn money as well as those who owe money. The man who works faithfully and lives on his daily earnings should never be scarificed for the benefit of mon who live on what they borrow. But all these things will be more fully explained as the con-

Mr. Harvey's Propositions. Mr. Harvey's opening statement, which is copyrighted by Azel E. Hatch, of this city, followed. Mr. Harvey said:

"I am here to defend the facts and prin-iples in Coin's Financial School. I am aware that the illustrations in that book are a great aid in presenting clearly its views. We find this true in our schools. Many scientific works rely largely on illustrations and our newspapers find that illicontinued on Third Page.)

# lustrations make plain many ideas that could not otherwise be clearly expressed. And yet I am here to defend orally those same principles. I expect to make good in this debate the following propositions: "First—That silver and gold are the money of the Constitution; that the silver dollar was the unit of value in our coinage system in this country from 1792 to 1873, just

MRS. PIETZEL THINKS HER HUSsystem in this country from 1792 to 1873, just as the yard stick was the measure of length; that gold was measured in this silver unit and concurrent coinage given to it (gold); that silver and gold combined constituted the legal standard of value in this country until 1873. Silver measured gold; the two together measured all other prop-BAND AND CHILDREN ARE DEAD.

She Is Now Living in Chicago, and Says She Does Not Expect to See Her Family Again.

#### WORK OF THE DETECTIVES

BODIES OF THE TWO GIRLS UNDER EXAMINATION AT TORONTO.

All Knowledge of the Murders Denied by the Insurance Swindler-The Williams Girls Still Missing.

CHICAGO, July 16 .- Mrs. Pietzel, the wife of the man said to have been killed by insurance swindler Holmes, resides in this city at No. 6036 Sangamon street. She is very ill now and barely able to talk, but consented to a short interview to-night. She said: "Of course I know nothing about the matter as I have no means of acquiring any information. I have no doubt that all my family have been killed and I never expect to see any of them again. I made up my mind long ago that they were dead and the news from Toronto is no surprise to me. I believe that the boy was murdered also." Mrs. Pietzel is too ill to leave her room and the shock of the news of the finding of the two bodies has greatly weakened her.

. The Children's Bodies.

in a post-mortem to-day to discover by Efforts will be made to extradite Holmes at once, and give him the benefit of swift and sure Canadian justice. Detective Geyer, of Philadelphia, came here imbued with the idea that Holmes had rented a house and taken the children there to murder them; that after doing so he had either buried their bodies or thrown them into the bay. It is his theory that the children were chloroformed in a trunk. It remains to be seen whether the finding of the post-mortem examiners will bear out the supposition that Mrs. Pietzel's Saratoga trunk fig-

The inquest on the bodies was opened tonight. Evidence was taken as to the finding of the bodies, and then the jury adjourned until to-morrow night to await the Cuddy are hard at work. To-day they discovered the expressman who took the trunk, which has invariably accompanied Holmes in all journeys into the St. Vincent-street house, and this man had so difficulty in picking out Holmes's photo from a number of others. Detective Geyer thinks he has clews that will lead to the discovery Chicago stenographer, who, he says, went to England with the children, but whom Geyer believes Holmes has murdered

## DETECTIVE GEYER'S GOOD WORK

tack I shall take for granted that he admits its truth. I am now ready to proceed in the His Operations in This City-One of Holmes's Wives from Here. order indicated in Coin's Financial School and as contemplated by the rules of the de-The particulars of the finding of the Pietzel children in a yard at Toronto, but adds strength to the theory held by Detective Geyer, of Philadelphia, and Mr. Horr Turns His Batteries of Wit Chief Splan, of this city, that the body CHICAGO, July 16 .- The debate proper beshipped away in-a trunk. Mr. Geyer, while insurance swindler, was doing everything tell plainly if there was ever any such ficers of Philadelphia were doing every-"I find all through the book a large number thing possible to fasten upon Holmes the of statements attributed to a very considercrimes of which he was believed guilty. The persistency with which Mr. Geyer has worked upon the case is remarkable. He was given last September. He has worked day and night, traveled from Philadelphia as an allegory, I would like my friend to to Chicago, visiting all leading cities, and then went to Toronto to unearth the best of the missing children. Before leaving ent and received the castigation which he Philadelphia, Geyer had many talks with (Laughter.) The book even goes further; it | travels. He came West with the story describes the crestfallen manner in which after being worsted in this fearful manner. and the children had stopped while in this (Laughter.) I feel now that what we want city, how it was ascertained that the boy mysteriously disappeared here, and at the same time a trunk was quietly removed from the rear entrance of the Circle House, to get at is the fact about the book, so we Mr. Harvey-The "school" is allegory; it were all given in the Journal of yesterday. Little has been added to the investigations marshals the opinions of the two sides of made here. Louis, the driver for expres this controversy, so that one's imagination man Puryear, confirms the story told, only adding that the man supposed to be Holmes can see the conflict of opinions and the contest as it proceeds. It puts in the rode with him to the east entrance of the Union Station where the trunk was placed

> pointing so strongly to murder, people this city recall the children, who were bright and much liked at the hotels which Geyer traced the two girls and Holmes to Chicago, and thence to Detroit, When the latter place was left Holmes said the two girls were to be taken to Indianapolis, where they were to attend school. Instead they were taken to Toronto and killed. It is thought that Geyer may return to this city and help trace the trunk.

Louis observed little unusual about Holmes's actions except that he was seem-

ingly very anxious to get the trunk de-

livered. That was on the morning of Oct. 6.

Since detective Geyer left the city he has written to Chief Splan asking him to trace,

if possible, the trunk. An attempt has been

taches of the depot remember nothing of it. Since the disclosures have been made,

One very sad circumstance connected with Holmes's transactions in this city is his marriage to Miss Georgiana Yoke, a niece of Nelson Yoke, principal of school No. 7. He was in the city but a few days before his arrest, and called upon Carson & Thompson, attorneys, in regard to some of Miss Yoke's property. He also had some business with Albert Wishard, but the latter succeeded in saving Miss Yoke from inancial loss. Miss Yoke had every reason to believe that Holmes was all that he claimed himself to be. Since his arrest it has developed that he defrauded a number of women in different parts of the

## NOT HIS ONLY CRIMES.

Holmes Is Supposed to Have Killed the Two Williams Girls.

CHICAGO, July 16 .- The Tribune says: The killing of Pietzel and his two girls does not end the list of murders charged against 1893 he brought with him a handsome young girl named Minnie Williams, whose home was at Fort Worth, Tex., where she and her sister Anna owned \$30,000 in good property. After Minnie had been here a short time she, at Holmes's request, sent for Anna to come and make her a visit. Anna came, and a little later both girls dropped out of sight. Nothing was heard of them until after Holmes's arrest in Philadelphia, when he told a horrible story. He said Minnie had become enraged at her sister because he had transferred his affections to the newcomer, and during a quarrel in his office Minnie had killed Anna by hitting her on the head with a stool. Holmes took the

murdered girl's body, placed it in a trunk

#### is intended to mean the pure of mind and unselfish. It is in that sense that it is | Holmes. When he first came to Chicago in used in the Bible, and means that those pure of mind and unselfish can see clearly those things which the impure of mind and selfish cannot see or understand.

Here came the first applause of the de "The cause I represent," Mr. Harvey con-tinued, "is pure and unselfish." Mr. Horr-Gentlemen, I merely called his Scripture, which he has now fully exlained by saying that the passage does not mean what it says, that the word which is translated "babes" really means honest, disinterested persons. I desire say that that matter is not susceptible of